

Nehemiah 7:6-73 vs Ezra 2:1-3:1

Passages are from the ESV.

- = means the names and the numbers are the same in both Nehemiah and Ezra
- ~ means the names are different but may refer to the same person
- + means that a name appears in one list but not the other
- ≠ means that the names are the same but the numbers are different
- ≠~ means that the names are somewhat different and the numbers are also different
- tso is an abbreviation for “the sons of”

<p>Nehemiah 7:6</p> <p>[6] These were the people of the province who came up out of the captivity of those exiles whom Nebuchadnezzar the king of Babylon had carried into exile.</p> <p>They returned to Jerusalem and Judah, each to his town.</p>	<p>Ezra 2:1</p> <p>[1] Now these were the people of the province who came up out of the captivity of those exiles whom Nebuchadnezzar the king of Babylon had carried captive to Babylonia.</p> <p>They returned to Jerusalem and Judah, each to his own town.</p>
<p>Nehemiah 7:7</p> <p>They came with</p> <p>=Zerubbabel,</p> <p>=Jeshua,</p> <p>=Nehemiah,</p> <p>~Azariah,</p> <p>~Raamiah,</p> <p>+Nahamani,</p> <p>=Mordecai,</p> <p>=Bilshan,</p> <p>~Mispereth,</p> <p>=Bigvai,</p> <p>~Nehum,</p> <p>=Baanah.</p>	<p>Ezra 2:2</p> <p>They came with</p> <p>Zerubbabel,</p> <p>Jeshua,</p> <p>Nehemiah,</p> <p>Seraiah,</p> <p>Reelaiah,</p> <p>Mordecai,</p> <p>Bilshan,</p> <p>Mispar,</p> <p>Bigvai,</p> <p>Rehum, and</p> <p>Baanah.</p>
<p>Nehemiah 7:8–38</p> <p>= [8] the sons of Parosh, 2,172.</p> <p>= [9] The sons of Shephatiah, 372.</p> <p>≠ [10] The sons of Arah, 652.</p> <p>≠ [11] The sons of Pahath-moab, namely the sons of Jeshua and Joab, 2,818.</p> <p>= [12] The sons of Elam, 1,254.</p> <p>≠ [13] The sons of Zattu, 845.</p> <p>= [14] The sons of Zaccai, 760.</p>	<p>Ezra 2:3–36</p> <p>[3] the sons of Parosh, 2,172.</p> <p>[4] The sons of Shephatiah, 372.</p> <p>[5] The sons of Arah, 775.</p> <p>[6] The sons of Pahath-moab, namely the sons of Jeshua and Joab, 2,812.</p> <p>[7] The sons of Elam, 1,254.</p> <p>[8] The sons of Zattu, 945.</p> <p>[9] The sons of Zaccai, 760.</p>

<p>≠~[15] The sons of Binnui, 648.</p> <p>≠[16] The sons of Bebai, 628.</p> <p>≠[17] The sons of Azgad, 2,322.</p> <p>≠[18] The sons of Adonikam, 667.</p> <p>≠[19] The sons of Bigvai, 2,067.</p> <p>≠[20] The sons of Adin, 655.</p> <p>= [21] The sons of Ater, namely of Hezekiah, 98.</p> <p>≠[22] The sons of Hashum, 328.</p> <p>≠[23] The sons of Bezai, 324.</p> <p>~[24] The sons of Hariph, 112.</p> <p>~[25] The sons of Gibeon, 95.</p> <p>≠[26] The men of Bethlehem and Netophah, 188.</p> <p>= [27] The men of Anathoth, 128.</p> <p>~[28] The men of Beth-azmaveth, 42.</p> <p>~[29] The men of Kiriath-jearim, Chephirah, and Beeroth, 743.</p> <p>= [30] The men of Ramah and Geba, 621.</p> <p>= [31] The men of Michmas, 122.</p> <p>≠[32] The men of Bethel and Ai, 123.</p> <p>= [33] The men of the other Nebo, 52.</p> <p>= [34] The sons of the other Elam, 1,254.</p> <p>= [35] The sons of Harim, 320.</p> <p>= [36] The sons of Jericho, 345.</p> <p>≠[37] The sons of Lod, Hadid, and Ono, 721.</p> <p>≠[38] The sons of Senaah, 3,930.</p>	<p>[10] The sons of Bani, 642.</p> <p>[11] The sons of Bebai, 623.</p> <p>[12] The sons of Azgad, 1,222.</p> <p>[13] The sons of Adonikam, 666.</p> <p>[14] The sons of Bigvai, 2,056.</p> <p>[15] The sons of Adin, 454.</p> <p>[16] The sons of Ater, namely of Hezekiah, 98.</p> <p>o[19] The sons of Hashum, 223.</p> <p>[17] The sons of Bezai, 323.</p> <p>[18] The sons of Jorah, 112.</p> <p>[20] The sons of Gibbar, 95.</p> <p>[21] The sons of Bethlehem, 123.</p> <p>[22] The men of Netophah, 56.</p> <p>[23] The men of Anathoth, 128.</p> <p>[24] The sons of Azmaveth, 42.</p> <p>[25] The sons of Kiriath-arim, Chephirah, and Beeroth, 743.</p> <p>[26] The sons of Ramah and Geba, 621.</p> <p>[27] The men of Michmas, 122.</p> <p>[28] The men of Bethel and Ai, 223.</p> <p>[29] The sons of Nebo, 52.</p> <p>+ [30] The sons of Magbish, 156.</p> <p>[31] The sons of the other Elam, 1,254.</p> <p>[32] The sons of Harim, 320.</p> <p>[34] The sons of Jericho, 345.</p> <p>[33] The sons of Lod, Hadid, and Ono, 725.</p> <p>[35] The sons of Senaah, 3,630.</p>
<p>Nehemiah 7:39–45</p> <p>= [39] The priests: the sons of Jedaiah, namely the house of Jeshua, 973.</p> <p>= [40] The sons of Immer, 1,052.</p> <p>= [41] The sons of Pashhur, 1,247.</p> <p>= [42] The sons of Harim, 1,017.</p> <p>= [43] The Levites: the sons of Jeshua, namely of Kadmiel of the sons of Hodevah, 74.</p> <p>≠[44] The singers: the sons of Asaph, 148.</p> <p>≠[45] The gatekeepers: the sons of Shallum, the sons of Ater, the sons of Talmon, the sons of Akkub, the sons of Hatita, the sons of Shobai, 138.</p>	<p>Ezra 2:36–42</p> <p>[36] The priests: the sons of Jedaiah, of the house of Jeshua, 973.</p> <p>[37] The sons of Immer, 1,052.</p> <p>[38] The sons of Pashhur, 1,247.</p> <p>[39] The sons of Harim, 1,017.</p> <p>[40] The Levites: the sons of Jeshua and Kadmiel, of the sons of Hodaviah, 74.</p> <p>[41] The singers: the sons of Asaph, 128.</p> <p>[42] The sons of the gatekeepers: the sons of Shallum, the sons of Ater, the sons of Talmon, the sons of Akkub, the sons of Hatita, and the sons of Shobai, in all 139.</p>

<p>Nehemiah 7:46–56 [tso = the sons of]</p> <p>= [46] The temple servants: tso Ziha, tso Hasupha, tso Tabbaoth,</p> <p>= [47] tso Keros,</p> <p>~ tso Sia,</p> <p>= tso Padon,</p> <p>~ [48] tso Lebana,</p> <p>~ tso Hagaba,</p> <p>~ tso Shalmal,</p> <p>= [49] tso Hanan, tso Giddel, tso Gahar,</p> <p>= [50] tso Reaiah, tso Rezin, tso Nekoda,</p> <p>= [51] tso Gazzam, tso Uzza, tso Paseah,</p> <p>~ [52] tso Besai, tso Meunim, tso Nephushesim,</p> <p>= [53] tso Bakbuk, tso Hakupha, tso Harhur,</p> <p>~ [54] tso Bazlith, tso Mehida, tso Harsha,</p> <p>= [55] tso Barkos, tso Sisera, tso Temah,</p> <p>= [56] tso Nezhiah, tso Hatipha.</p>	<p>Ezra 2:43–54</p> <p>[43] The temple servants: tso Ziha, tso Hasupha, tso Tabbaoth,</p> <p>[44] tso Keros,</p> <p>tso Siaha,</p> <p>tso Padon,</p> <p>[45] tso Lebanah,</p> <p>tso Hagabah,</p> <p>tso Shamlai,</p> <p>+ tso Akkub,</p> <p>+ [46] tso Hagab,</p> <p>tso Hanan, [47] tso Giddel, tso Gahar,</p> <p>tso Reaiah, [48] tso Rezin, tso Nekoda,</p> <p>tso Gazzam, [49] tso Uzza, tso Paseah,</p> <p>tso Besai, tso Meunim, tso Nephisim,</p> <p>+ [50] tso Asnah</p> <p>[51] tso Bakbuk, tso Hakupha, tso Harhur,</p> <p>[52] tso Bazluth, tso Mehida, tso Harsha,</p> <p>[53] tso Barkos, tso Sisera, tso Temah,</p> <p>[54] tso Nezhiah, and tso Hatipha.</p>
<p>Nehemiah 7:57–60</p> <p>~ [57] tso Solomon’s servants: tso Sotai, tso Sophereth, tso Perida,</p> <p>~ [58] tso Jaala, tso Darkon, tso Giddel,</p> <p>~ [59] tso Shephatiah, tso Hattil, tso Pochereth-hazzebaim, tso Amon.</p> <p>= [60] All the temple servants and tso Solomon’s servants were 392.</p>	<p>Ezra 2:55–58</p> <p>[55] tso Solomon’s servants: tso Sotai, tso Hassophereth, tso Peruda,</p> <p>[56] tso Jaalah, tso Darkon, tso Giddel,</p> <p>[57] tso Shephatiah, tso Hattil, tso Pochereth-hazzebaim, and tso Ami.</p> <p>[58] All the temple servants and tso Solomon’s servants were 392.</p>
<p>Nehemiah 7:61–65</p> <p>[61] The following were those who came up from Tel-melah, Tel-harsha, Cherub, Addon, and Immer, but they could not prove their fathers’ houses nor their descent, whether they belonged to Israel:</p> <p>[62] the sons of Delaiah, the sons of Tobiah, the sons of Nekoda, 642.</p> <p>[63] Also, of the priests: the sons of Hobaiah, the sons of Hakkoz, the sons of Barzillai (who had taken a wife of the daughters of Barzillai the Gileadite and was called by their name).</p> <p>[64] These sought their registration among those enrolled in the genealogies, but it was not found there, so they were excluded from the priesthood as unclean. [65] The governor told them that they were not to partake of the most holy food until a priest with Urim and Thummim</p>	<p>Ezra 2:59–63</p> <p>[59] The following were those who came up from Tel-melah, Tel-harsha, Cherub, Addan, and Immer, though they could not prove their fathers’ houses or their descent, whether they belonged to Israel:</p> <p>[60] the sons of Delaiah, the sons of Tobiah, and the sons of Nekoda, 652.</p> <p>[61] Also, of the sons of the priests: the sons of Habaiah, the sons of Hakkoz, and the sons of Barzillai (who had taken a wife from the daughters of Barzillai the Gileadite, and was called by their name).</p> <p>[62] These sought their registration among those enrolled in the genealogies, but they were not found there, and so they were excluded from the priesthood as unclean. [63] The governor told them that they were not to partake of the most holy food, until there should be a priest to</p>

<p>should arise.</p>	<p>consult Urim and Thummim.</p>
<p>Nehemiah 7:66–72</p> <p>= [66] The whole assembly together was 42,360, = [67] besides their male and female servants, of whom there were 7,337.</p> <p>≠ And they had 245 singers, male and female.</p> <p>= [68] Their horses were 736, their mules 245, = [69] their camels 435, and their donkeys 6,720.</p> <p>[70] Now some of the heads of fathers' houses gave to the work. The governor gave to the treasury 1,000 darics of gold, 50 basins, 30 priests' garments and 500 minas of silver.</p> <p>[71] And some of the heads of fathers' houses gave into the treasury of the work 20,000 darics of gold and 2,200 minas of silver.</p> <p>[72] And what the rest of the people gave was 20,000 darics of gold, 2,000 minas of silver, and 67 priests' garments.</p> <p>[comparison of offering numbers in Nehemiah vs Ezra]</p> <p>≠ 41,000 vs 61,000 darics of gold ≠ 4,700 vs 5,000 minas of silver ≠ 97 vs 100 priests' garments</p>	<p>Ezra 2:64–69</p> <p>[64] The whole assembly together was 42,360, [65] besides their male and female servants, of whom there were 7,337, and they had 200 male and female singers.</p> <p>[66] Their horses were 736, their mules were 245, [67] their camels were 435, and their donkeys were 6,720.</p> <p>[68] Some of the heads of families, when they came to the house of the LORD that is in Jerusalem, made freewill offerings for the house of God, to erect it on its site. [69] According to their ability they gave to the treasury of the work 61,000 darics of gold, 5,000 minas of silver, and 100 priests' garments.</p>
<p>Nehemiah 7:73</p> <p>[73] So the priests, the Levites, the gatekeepers, the singers, some of the people, the temple servants, and all Israel, lived in their towns.</p> <p>And when the seventh month had come, the people of Israel were in their towns.</p>	<p>Ezra 2:70</p> <p>[70] Now the priests, the Levites, some of the people, the singers, the gatekeepers, and the temple servants lived in their towns, and all the rest of Israel in their towns.</p> <p>3:[1] When the seventh month came, and the children of Israel were in the towns, the people gathered as one man to Jerusalem.</p>